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## Project X: operation scenario update

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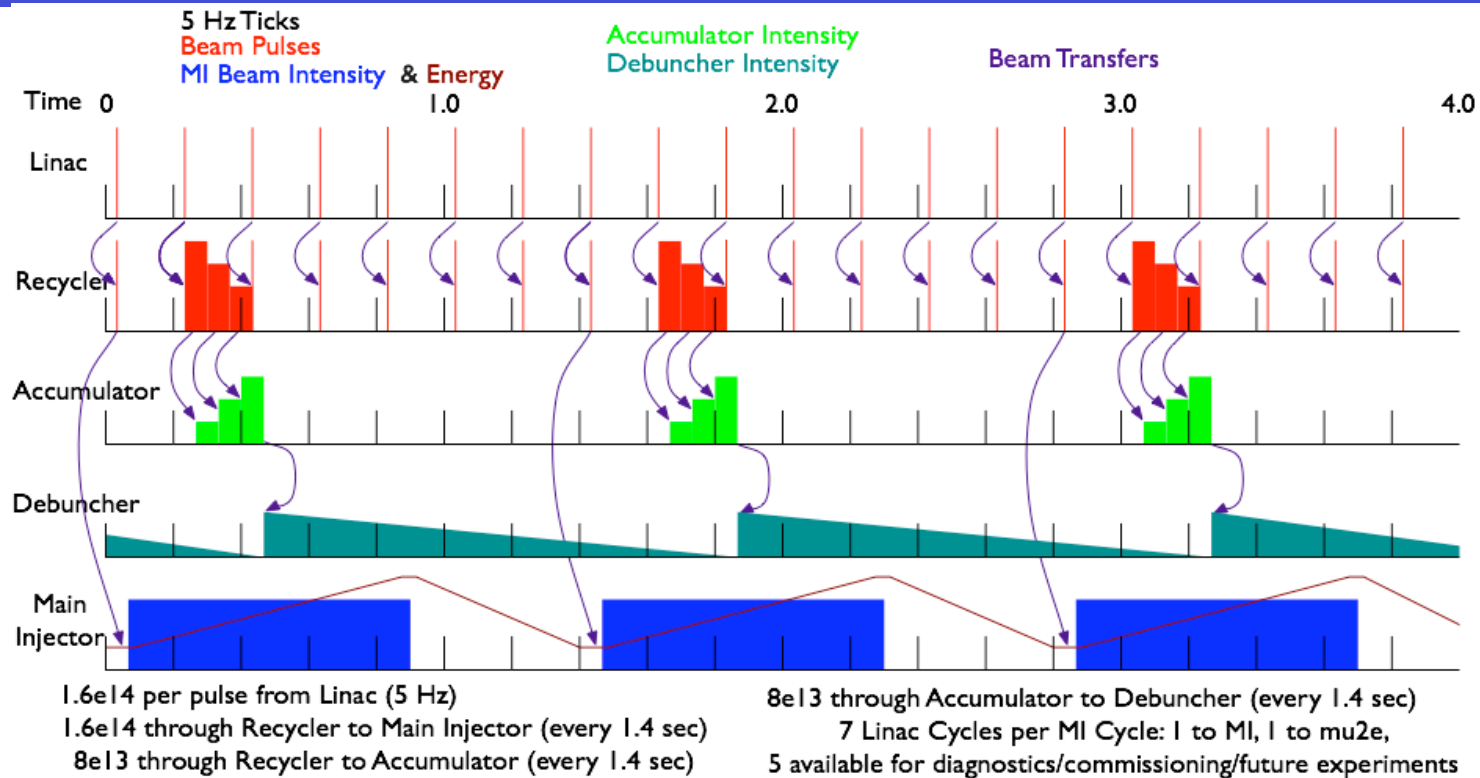
## Project X missions

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- Neutrino program with MI: 2 MW at 60-120 GeV
- Mu2e program at 8 GeV: 150 kW slow spill
- Self-consistent upgrade path to muon collider

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## What is wrong with operating scenario in ICD?



1. Five out of seven linac pulses are unused.
2.  $8 \times 10^{13}$  every 1.4 sec to Mu2e does not work - (1) high tune shift in Debuncher, (2) long emittance too high (150 eV-s)
3. Incorrect linac chopping pattern to extract 3 batches from Recycler
4. Note: Mu2e beam power in this scenario is 75 kW

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## New scenario: assumptions

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- Recycler and Accumulator are available for rebunching
- Stripping injection in Recycler only
- Slow extraction from Debuncher only
  - Extraction cycle rate ~15 Hz (different from present Mu2e proposal)
- MI ramp cycles:
  - 1.4 sec for 120 GeV
  - 0.75 sec for 60 GeV

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## Beam power requirements (8 GeV)

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- 300 kW for MI at 60 GeV
  - 150 kW for MI at 120 GeV
- 150 kW for Mu2e
  - 75kW possible with the present Linac+Booster at 15 Hz
- Total: 500 kW

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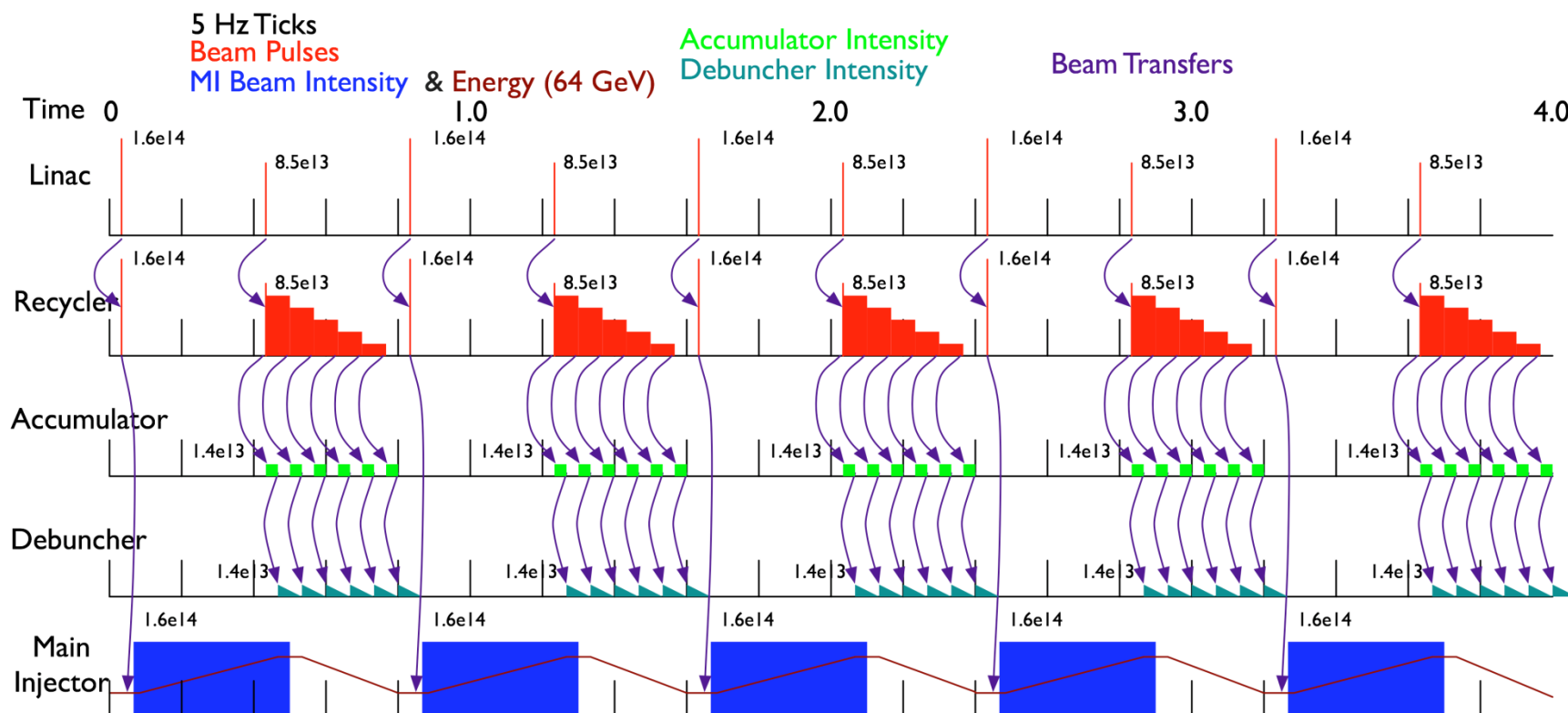
## Beam requirements at 8 GeV

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- MI neutrino program:
  - $1.6 \times 10^{14}$  protons every 0.75s
  - Beam quality unimportant
    - long and transverse painting to keep tune shift low ( $<0.1$ )
- Mu2e
  - Beam quality important (work back from the Debuncher)
  - $1.2 \times 10^{13}$  max per slow-spill cycle in the Debuncher
    - to keep tune shift  $<0.05$  transv emittance (95%) should be 50 mm-mrad
  - Bunching pattern important (see following slides)
- Muon collider
  - At least 15 Hz, single bunch  $\sim 1$ -ns rms, 1 MW or more
  - Beam quality important
  - Bunching pattern important (see following slides)

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## New proposed scenario (MI@60 GeV)



$1.6 \times 10^{14}$  per pulse from Linac (2.5 Hz)

$1.6 \times 10^{14}$  through Recycler to Main Injector (every 0.8 sec)

$1.4 \times 10^{13}$  through Recycler to Accumulator (every 67 msec)

$1.4 \times 10^{13}$  through Accumulator to Debuncher (every 67 msec)

2 Linac Cycles per MI Cycle: 1 to MI, 1 to  $\mu 2e$ ,

2.12 MW for neutrino, 136 kW to  $\mu 2e$

Assumes 15 Hz transfers to Accumulator

Could use 17.5 Hz transfers (7 instead of 6 every 0.4 seconds)

159 kW to  $\mu 2e$

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## Mu2e beam requirements

- Working back from the Debuncher:
  - Single bunch: 25ns rms bunch length (100-160ns, FW)

Number of protons:  $N := 1.2 \cdot 10^{13}$

Proton DC beam current:  $I_p := N \cdot e \cdot f$   $I_p = 1.133 \text{ A}$

Normalized 95% emittance:  $\epsilon_n := 50 \cdot \mu\text{m}$  assume gaussian distribution

$$\Delta v := -\frac{3 \cdot N \cdot r_p}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma^2 \cdot \epsilon_n \cdot B} \quad \Delta v = -0.053$$

- To fit into Debuncher momentum aperture ( $\pm 2\%$ ) the bunch momentum spread must be  $< 150 \text{ MeV}$  (95%)
  - $\sim 15\text{-}20 \text{ eV-s}$  long. emitt (95%)
- Must use Accumulator to prepare the bunch every 50 ms



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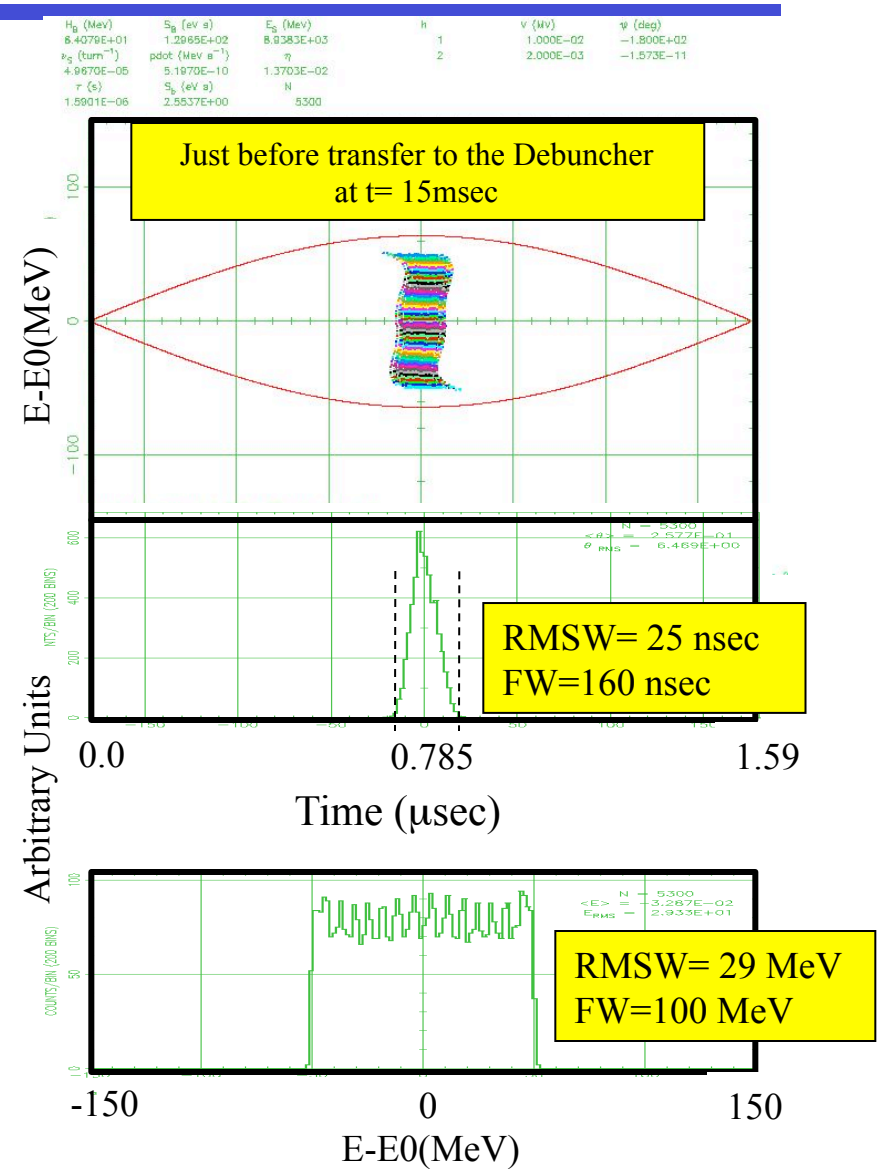
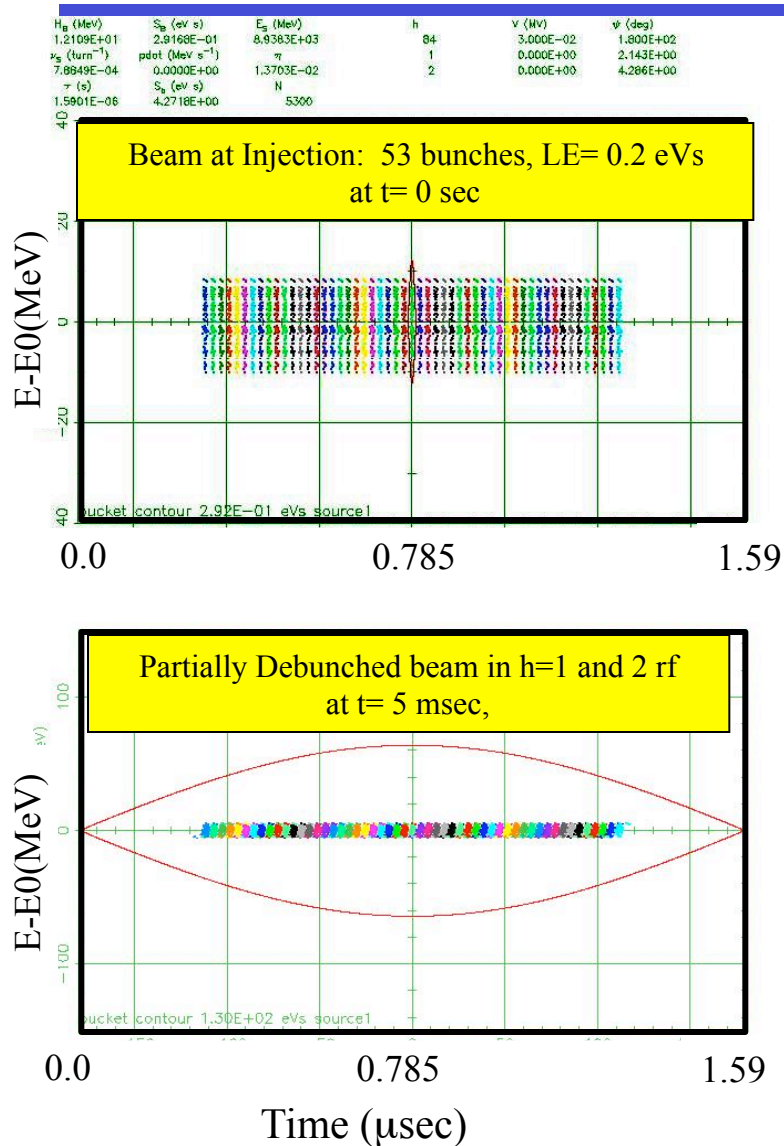
## Single-particle simulations for Mu2e

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- At  $t = 0$  sec a batch of proton beam is transferred to Accumulator.
  - # of 53MHz bunches  $\leq 53$ ,  $LE(95\%) < 0.2$  eVs/bunch
  - $V_{rf}(53\text{MHz}) = 30$  kV
- From  $t=0-0.005$  sec the bunches are partially debunched in the Accumulator
  - $V_{rf}(53\text{MHz}): 30\text{kV} \rightarrow 10$  kV
- From  $t=0.005-0.015$  sec a single bunch is formed in the Accumulator
  - Set  $V_{rf}(h=1)=10\text{kV}$  and  $V_{rf}(h=2)=2\text{kV}$  at  $t = 0.005\text{sec}$
  - Turn off 53MHz rf system.
- At  $t = 0.015$  sec transfer the single bunch from the Accumulator to the Debuncher in  $h=4$  rf bucket and start slow spill
  - Set  $V_{rf}(h=4)=50\text{kV}$

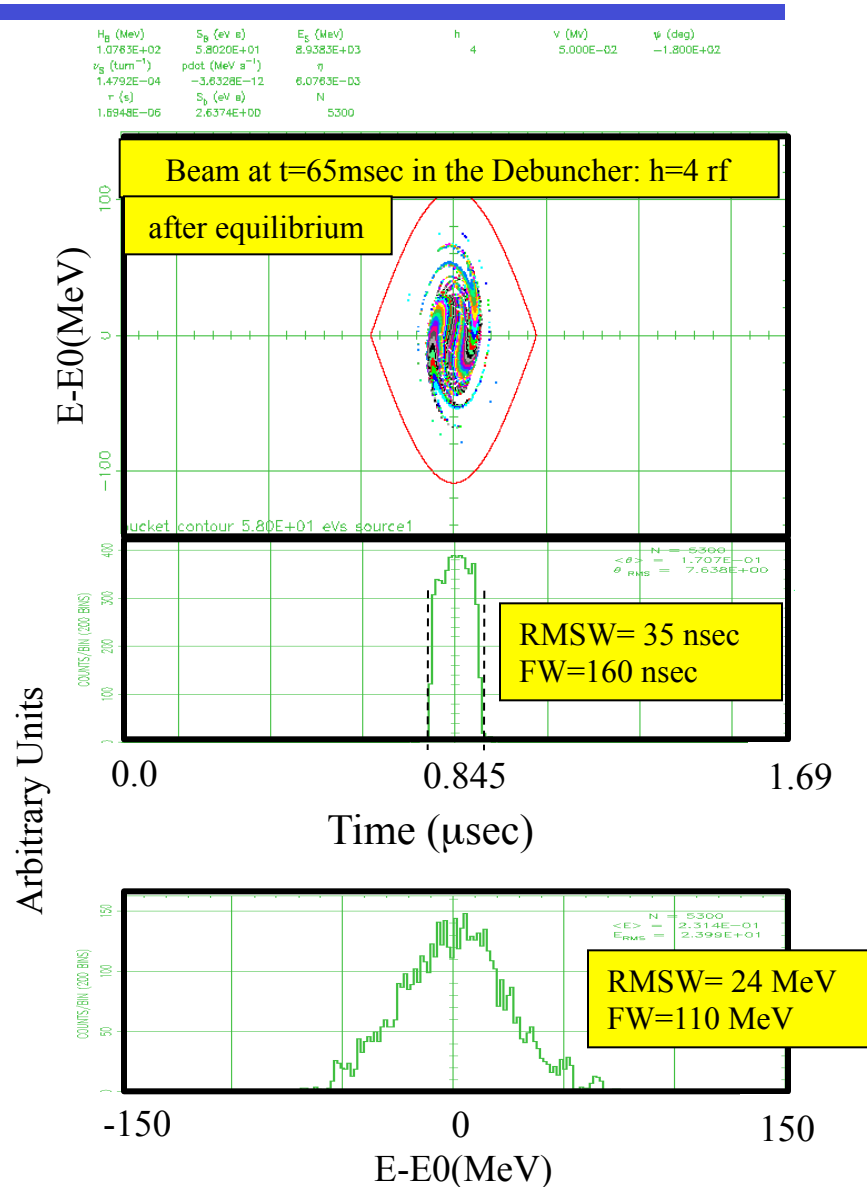
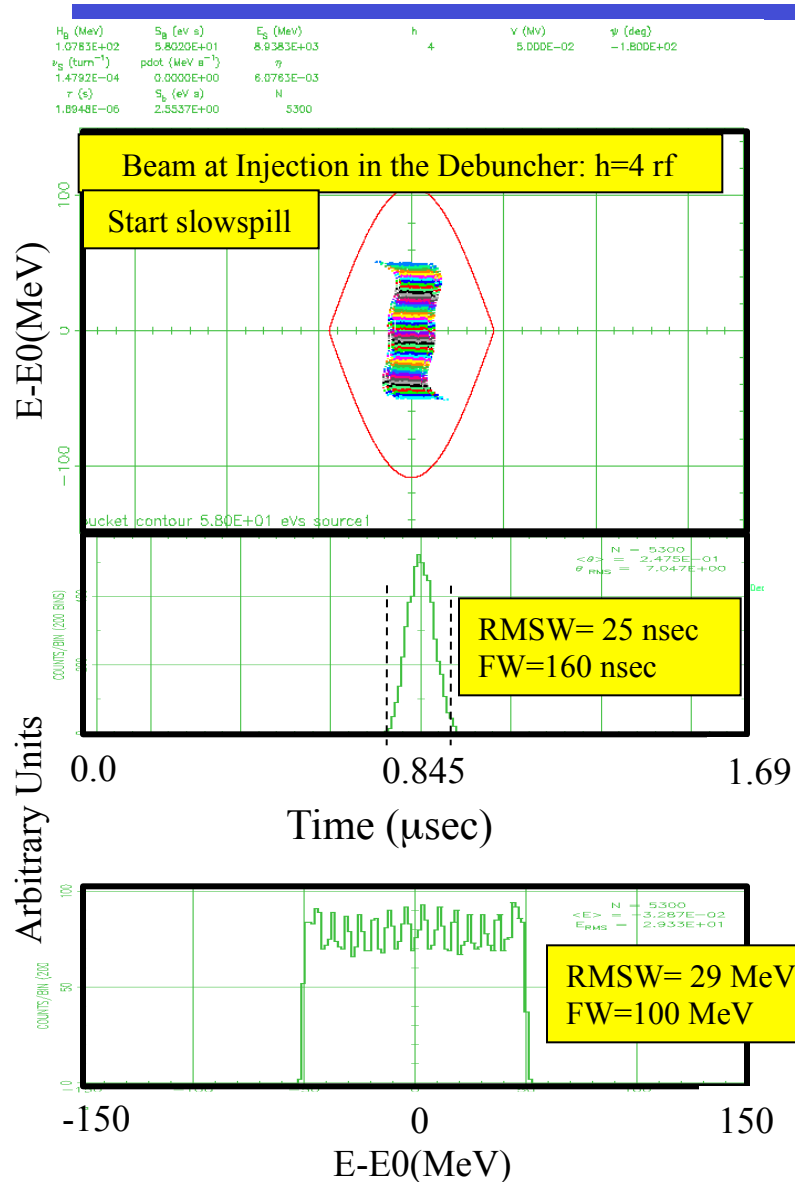
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# Simulations: Beam in the Accumulator



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# Simulations: Beam in the Debuncher



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## Summary for Me2e beam requirements

- A train of 53 bunches in the Accumulator can be rotated to form a 160-ns (FW) bunch with an acceptable momentum spread in  $<20$  ms
  - Requires 0.2 eV-s (95%) per bunch ( $2.3e11$ )
  - However, ICD assumes 0.5 eV-s bunches ( $2.8e11$ )!!
- Required chopping pattern: 53 MHz + at 625 kHz: 31 empty bucket ( $0.6 \mu\text{s}$ ), 53 with beam ( $1 \mu\text{s}$ ).
  - Recycler is filled with 7 trains of 53 bunches each (31-bct gaps)
  - Each train contains  $1.2e13$  protons;  $8.4e13$  total
- RF requirements

### ➤ Accumulator

RF System	Fr <sub>f</sub> (MHz)	V <sub>r</sub> f(Minimum)	Comments
h=84	53	30kV	15Hz rep rate
h=1	0.6289	10kV	15Hz rep rate
h=2	1.257	2kV	15Hz rep rate

### ➤ Debuncher

RF System	Fr <sub>f</sub> (MHz)	V <sub>r</sub> f(Minimum)	Comments
h=4	2.36	50kV	15Hz rep rate

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## Overall conclusions

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- The total beam power **requirement** at 8 GeV can be reduced to 0.5 MW (from 1 MW in ICD) in the first stage (300 kW for MI, 150 kW for Mu2e)
- A scenario exists for a 2.5-Hz linac delivering  $1.6 \times 10^{14}$  per pulse
  - However, there is still a problem of insufficient long. phase-space density at injection in the Recycler to work with Mu2e at 15 Hz. May be solved if the slow-spill cycle is 30 Hz (14-15 trains in the Recycler) or by injecting in a barrier-bucket in the Recycler.
  - MI and Mu2e (and muon collider) require different bunch chopping schemes. May need two choppers: (1) fast, to make 53 MHz bunches, (2) slow, to form bunch trains.

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## Proposed design criteria for Project X

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1. Deliver  $1.6 \times 10^{14}$  protons to MI every 0.8 s
  - Beam parameters as in ICD
2. Deliver 150 kW beam (with specific long. emittance) at 8 GeV to Accumulator+Debuncher
  - Mu2e must agree on a slow-spill cycle of 15 Hz or higher
  - Must start simulations of slow extraction now (include space charge, chromaticity, losses)
  - Note: ICD at present does not meet this criteria
3. Provide a plausible self-consistent path to a 1-MW (or higher) proton source for a muon collider
  - single bunch, 1-2-ns rms, 15 Hz (or higher), 2mm rms spot size on target
4. Need flexible chopping patterns.